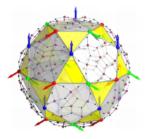
MLZ Conference: Neutrons for information and quantum technologies



Contribution ID: 13

Type: Keynote

Magnon Transport in Spin Textures

Tuesday, 4 June 2019 16:30 (1 hour)

Magnonics is a concept using magnons - the collective excitation quanta of the spin system in magnetically ordered materials - as carriers for information. Magnons are waves of the electrons'spin precessional motion. They propagate without charge transport and its associated Ohmic losses, paving the way for a substantial reduction of energy consumption in computers.

The full potential of magnonics lies in the combination of magnons with nano-sized spin textures. Both magnons and spin textures share a common ground set by the interplay of dipolar, spin-orbit and exchange energies rendering them perfect interaction partners. Magnons are fast, sensitive to the spins'directions and easily driven far from equilibrium. Spin textures are robust, non-volatile and still reprogrammable on ultra-short timescales.

I will give an introduction about magnon propagation and manipulation in microstructures with non-collinear spin textures, in particular magnons propagating in nano channels formed by magnetic domain walls. Furthermore, I will address how magnons can be excited in domain wall channels by pure spin currents originating from the spin Hall effect and nonlinear effect in magnetic vortices.

References:

 K. Schultheiss, R. Verba, F. Wehrman et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 122, 097202 (2019)
K. Wagner, A. Kákay, K. Schultheiss et al. Nature Nanotech 11, 432 (2016).
K. Vogt, F. Y. Fradin, J. E. Pearson, et al. Nat Comms 5, 3727 (2014).

Primary author: Prof. HELMUT, Schultheiss (Helmholtz-Zentrum Dresden-Rossendorf)

Presenter: Prof. HELMUT, Schultheiss (Helmholtz-Zentrum Dresden-Rossendorf)

Session Classification: Spin wave and magnonics

Track Classification: Spin wave and magnonics