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## Polarized Raman Spectra of Perovskite Relaxor Ferroelectrics

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Pseudo-binary solid solutions of perovskites ferroelectrics are often showing either a ferroelectric transitions with a glassy dynamics or enhanced piezoelectric properties. Because of the demonstrated application potential of  $(1-x)\text{Pb}(\text{Zn}_{1/3}\text{Nb}_{2/3})\text{O}_3-x\text{PbTiO}_3$  and related materials, considerable research efforts are still paid to the understanding these phenomena.

The IR spectroscopy of such lead-based perovskites is relatively well understood[1], but the assignment of Raman spectra remains a rather difficult task. The Raman activity seems to originate from both the occupational ordering [2] and the ionic off-centering [3]. The weight of these effects is varying from one material to another. Moreover, the inherent disorder seems to lift the strict Raman selection rules. Interestingly, the polarized Hyper-Raman scattering spectra obey the standard polarization selection rules rather well [4,5] Nevertheless, Raman scattering in relaxors shows a measurable polarization dependence and it has been argued that specific features of polarised Raman scattering can be even employed for example to probe relaxor to ferroelectric crossover [6] or to distinguish between distinct ferroelectric phases coexisting in materials with composition close to the so-called MPB boundaries[7].

Here we shall present our recent polarized Raman scattering studies of relaxors. In the spirit of Dyproso symposium, we shall go through the basic concepts, challenges and unpublished results.

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