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## Inelastic magnetic scattering and hydrogen dynamics in H3O-Jarosite

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The mineral jarosite  $\text{KFe}_3(\text{OH})_6(\text{SO}_4)_2$  is a frustrated antiferromagnet. It exhibits long range magnetic order (LRO), when cooled below  $T_N = 60$  K, due to DM interaction. The mineral is a classic example of a 2D geometric frustration Kagome lattice. It has earlier been discovered that a substitution of H3O or D3O for K on the A-site prevents LRO. Instead, a spin glass transition sets in at  $T_g = 14$  K. In contrast, substitution with  $\text{NH}_4$  (or  $\text{ND}_4$ ) only suppresses  $T_N$  slightly.

The objective is to understand the mechanics behind this selective suppression of LRO, which is yet to be understood. It has been hypothesized that H-disorder and/or H-dynamics could play a role in this effect. Moreover, Fe vacancies may lift the geometrical frustration locally.

Thus, we performed inelastic neutron scattering experiments on powders of D3O-, H3O-, and  $\text{ND}_4$ -jarosite to investigate the magnetic dynamics and hydrogen dynamics to understand the lack of LRO in H3O/D3O jarosite. The samples were characterized by 2H MAS to assess sample purity especially defect concentration and substitution on the A site. By comparing data from susceptibility, MAS-NMR and inelastic neutron scattering we aim to unveil the mechanics behind the glass transitions in H3O/D3O jarosite.

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