



Contribution ID: 26

Type: **Talk**

Nematic Correlation Length in Iron-Based Superconductors

Tuesday, December 7, 2021 4:40 PM (25 minutes)

Nematicity is ubiquitous in electronic phases of high- T_c superconductors, particularly in the Fe-based systems. We used inelastic neutron and x-ray scattering to extract the temperature-dependent nematic correlation length ξ from the anomalous softening of acoustic phonon modes in $\text{Ba}(\text{Fe}_{1-x}\text{Co}_x)_2\text{As}_2$ and FeSe. In all cases, we find that ξ is well described by a power law $(T-T_0)^{-1/2}$ extending over a wide temperature range. Combined with the previously reported Curie-Weiss behavior of the nematic susceptibility, these results point to the mean-field character of the nematic transition, which we attribute to a sizable nemato-elastic coupling that is likely detrimental to superconductivity.

Primary authors: Dr MERRITT, Adrian (Forschungszentrum Jülich); Prof. FERNANDES, Raphael (University of Minnesota); WEBER, Frank (Karlsruhe Institute of Technology); Prof. REZNIK, Dmitry (University of Colorado)

Co-authors: Dr ALATAS, Ahmet (Argonne National Laboratory); Dr BARON, Alfred (RIKEN SPring-8 Center); Dr SAID, Ayman (Argonne National Laboratory); Dr CASTELLAN, John-Paul (CEA Saclay)

Presenter: WEBER, Frank (Karlsruhe Institute of Technology)

Session Classification: Quantum Phenomena

Track Classification: Quantum Phenomena