## Experimental study of mixed system Cs<sub>3</sub>Cu<sub>3</sub>Cl<sub>8-x</sub>Br<sub>x</sub>OH with weakly connected Cu-triangles

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To study the relationship between the properties of low-dimensional spin systems with weakly coupled Cu-triangles and their crystal structure, the new mixed system was prepared. The investigation was carried out on two single crystals of the mixed system  $Cs_3Cu_3Cl_{8-x}Br_xOH$ :  $Cs_3Cu_3Cl_8OH$  (1) and the new  $Cs_3Cu_3Cl_{7.6}Br_{0.4}OH$  (2), which were grown from aqua solution.

These compounds are a model material for studying the magnetic structure of trimer units with weakly connected Cu-triangles [1]. Interest in such systems is not only confined to the geometrical frustration, but also to some fundamental phenomena in magnetism like spin-canting, metamagnetic transition and spin-flop transition.

Both compounds are isostructural and crystallize in a monoclinic structure with space group P21/c. The magnetic susceptibility of (1) shows a maximum at 2.23 K and of (2) at 2.70 K, which are attributed to antiferromagnetic phase transitions. Furthermore, the magnetization along the b-axis at 1.9 K for both compounds shows a spin-flop transition into a new antiferromagnetic phase. This transition occurs at 0.61 T for (1) and at 2.0 T for (2). The antiferromagnetic order can be suppressed by a magnetic field  $B_{C1}$ = 1.1 T for (1) and  $B_{C2}$ = 1.2 T for (2). First single crystal neutron diffraction measured on (1) at different temperatures reveals the magnetic signal on the top of the nuclear reflection at (-1 0 0). Its magnetic ordering temperature was found to be at  $T_{N1}$ = 2.12(3) K [2].

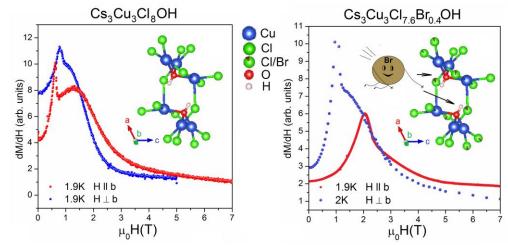


Figure 1: Magnetization with a magnetic field parallel and perpendicular to the b-direction: (left) of (1) dM/dH vs. H at 1.9 K, (right) of (2) at 1.9 K and 2.0 K for dM/dH vs. H below the temperature of the AFM phase transition

[1] W. Guo, Y. Tang, S. Zhang, H. Xiang, M. Yanga, Z. He, *CrystEngComm*, 17, 8471-8476 (2015) [2] N. van Well, M. Bolte, C. Eisele, L. Keller, J. Schefer, S. van Smaalen, *Journal of Physics and Chemistry of Solids*, 140, 109386 (2020)

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