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Enhanced air stability of Tin-Based Perovskite Solar Cells with Quercetin

Tuesday, 5 December 2023 14:00 (3 hours)

As the most essential alternative materials for eco-friendly perovskite solar cells (PSCs), tin-based perovskites have achieved an efficiency of 14.81 %, which is far less than 25.7 % of lead-based champion devices. The main reason is that it is easy to oxidize Sn2+ to Sn4+ in the presence of oxygen and water due to the low stability of the Sn2+ state. The oxidation of Sn2+ will form the Sn (IV) vacancies in the perovskite structure, leading to p-type self-doping and introducing additional defect states. These defects can enhance the device's leakage current and carrier recombination, limit the increase of open circuit voltage, and thus reduce the solar cell efficiency. Here, we plan to introduce quercetin, a phenolic derivative with antioxidation properties extracted from plants, as the additive to reduce the existence of Sn4+ and prevent the FASnI3 film from degradation. We use grazing-incidence wide-angle X-ray scattering (GIWAXS) to gain insights into the detailed steps of growth and degradation progress of the active layer. Thereby, GIWAXS offers a way to gain information about the time evolution during the crucial steps of interface formation. The ultimate goal of our work is to design efficient and stable tin-based PSCs to develop a systematic and reproducible strategy for air stability and high-efficiency PSCs.

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