



Engineering Challenges in Single Crystal Neutron Diffraction

Arsen Gukasov,
Laboratoire Léon Brillouin
CEA-CNRS, Saclay, France



Best performing SC Diffractometer

Highest possible luminosity (monochr., guide)

Lowest acceptable angular and λ resolution

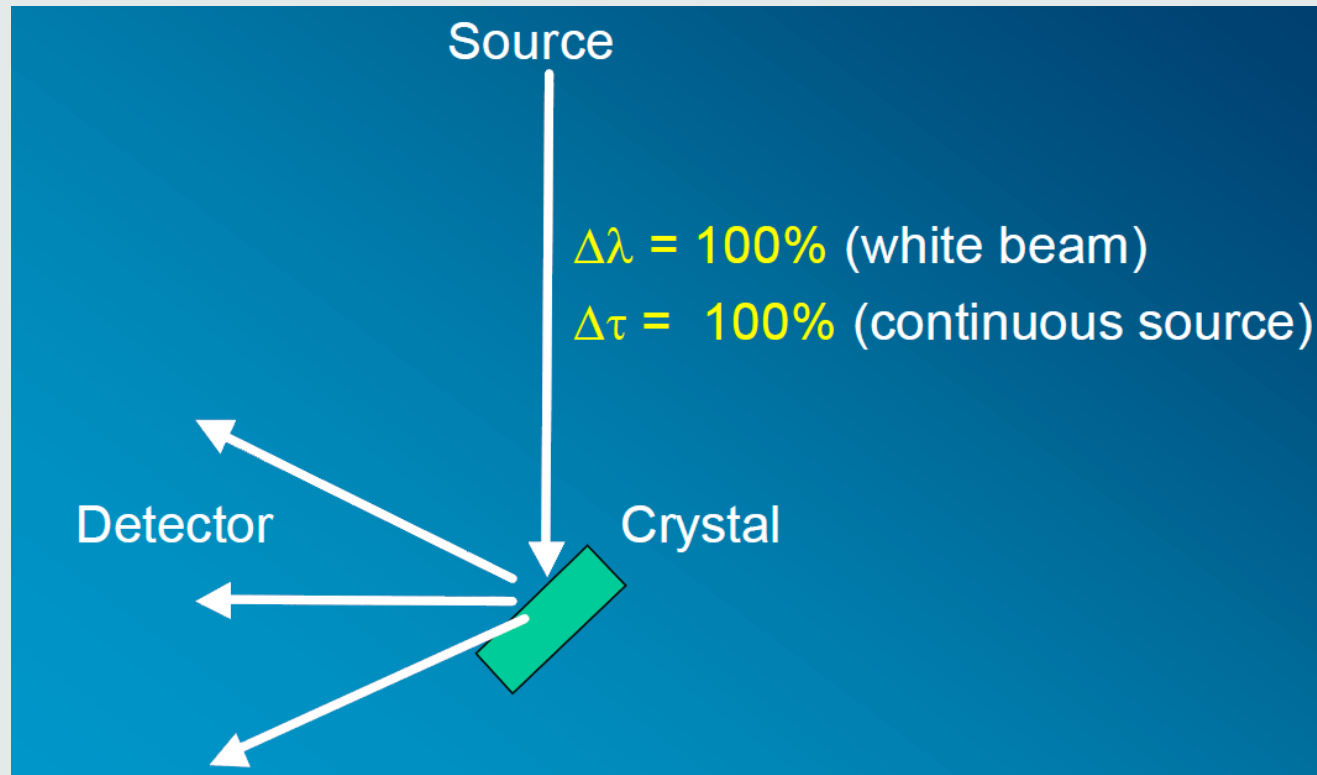
Largest possible detector coverage

Versatile sample environment

Polarized beam

White Beam (Laue) Neutron Diffraction from a single crystal

Multiple reflections sorted by the Crystal itself



DIFFRACTOMETRE VIVALDI ,ILL

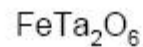
Laue diffraction

difference patterns

short-range magnetic correlations

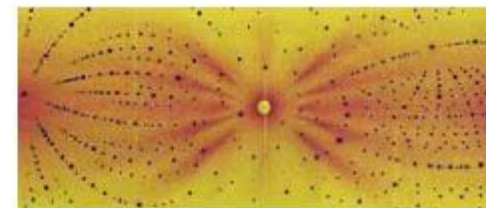


Tapiolite

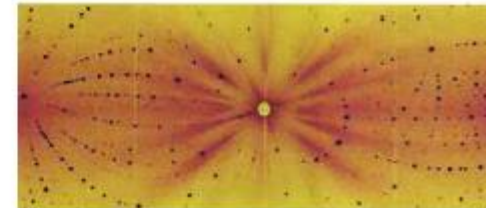


rods of magnetic scattering

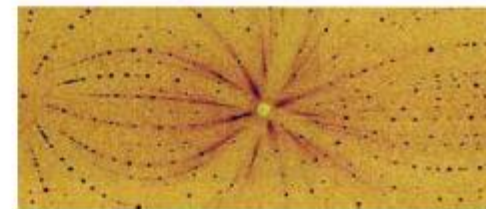
Vivaldi ILL



2 K



10 K

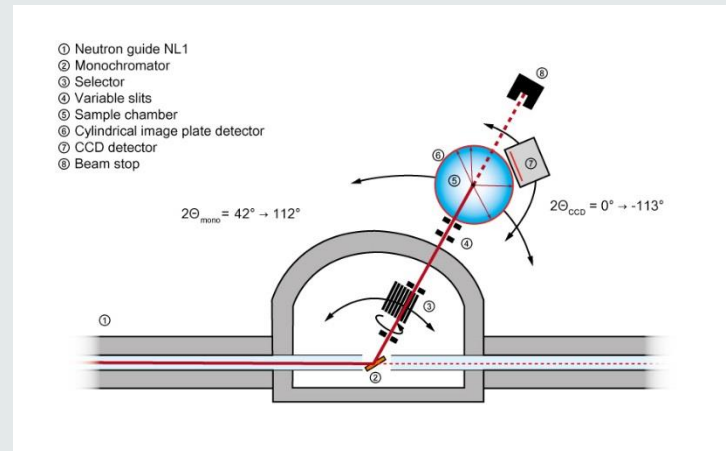


10 K
- 2 K

E.M.L. Chung et al. to be published

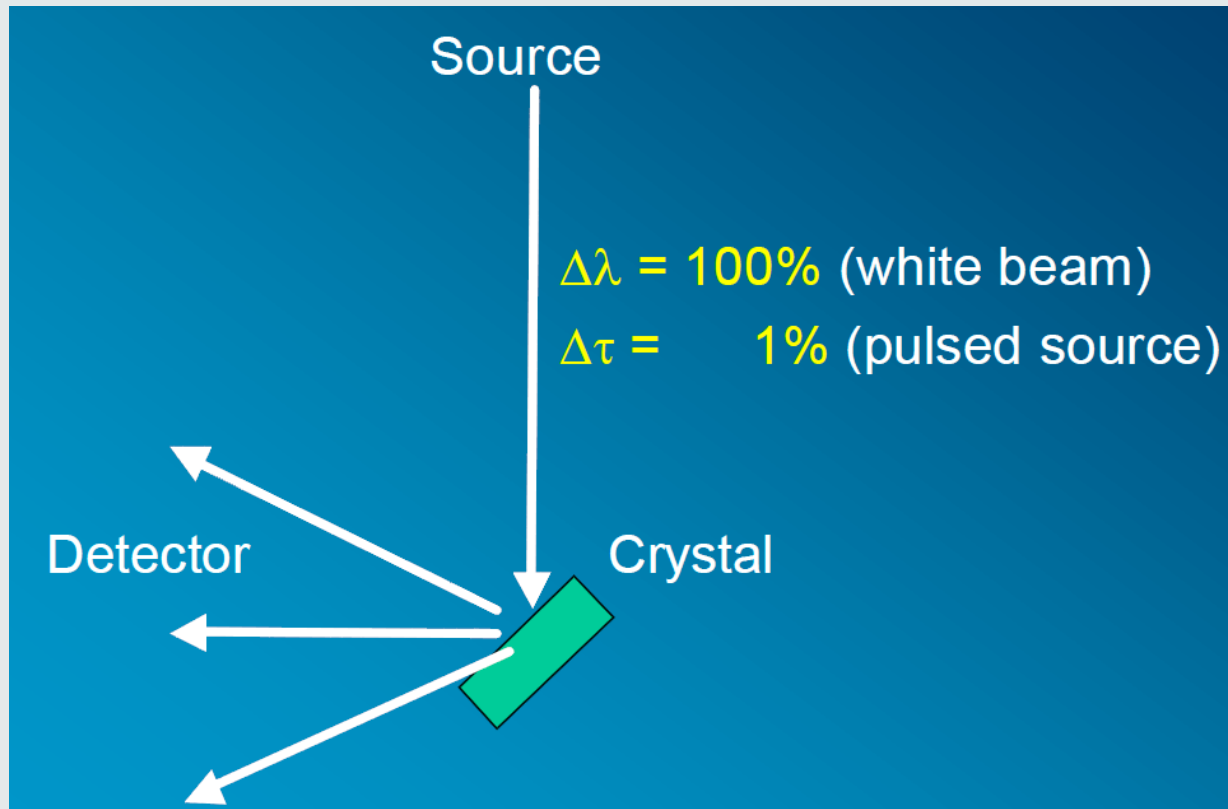
CYCLOPS (ILL)

BIODIFF (FRMII)

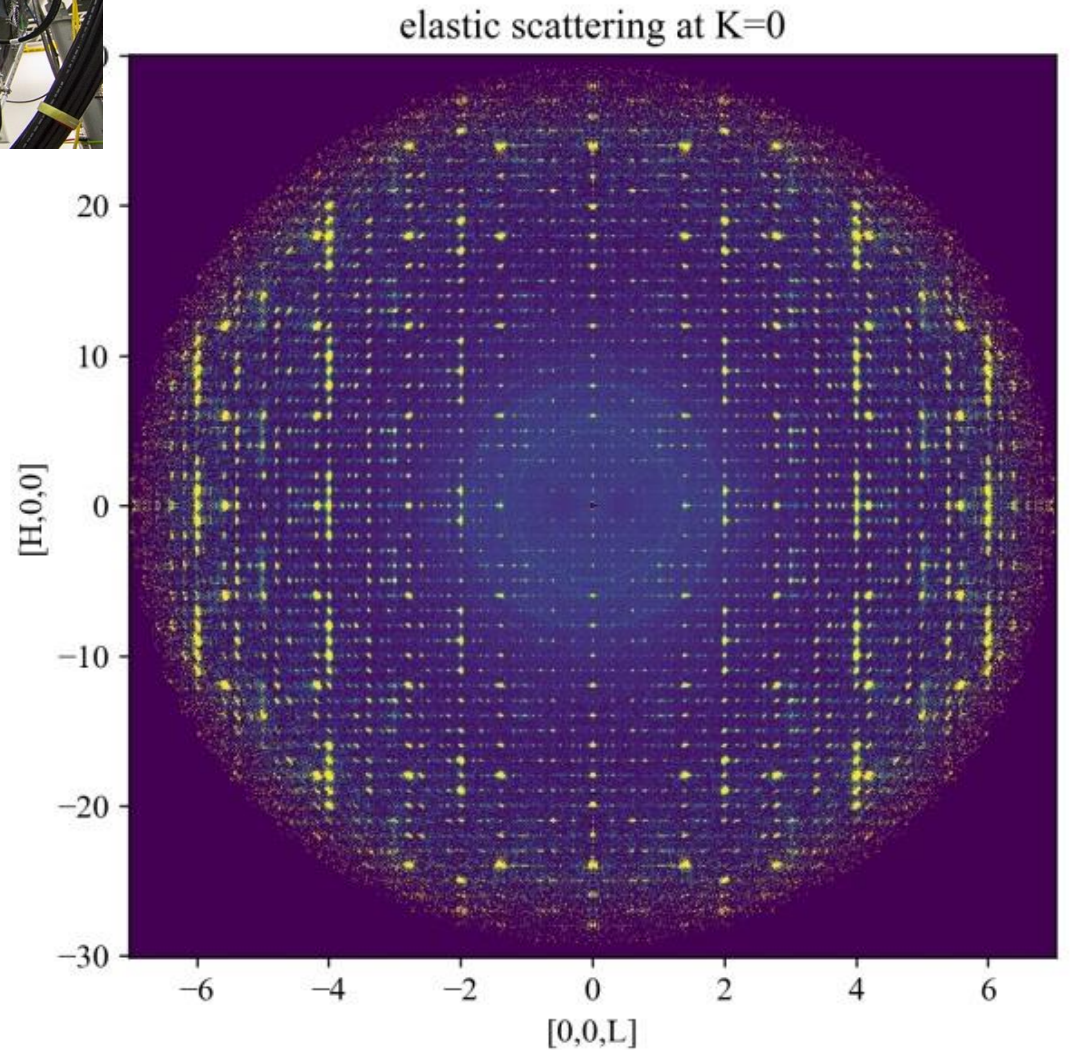
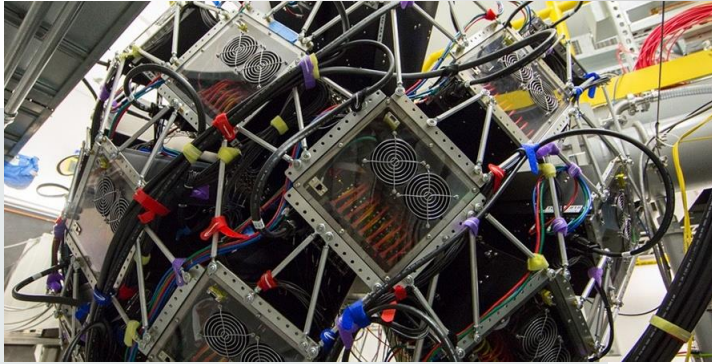


Time of flight (TOF) neutron Diffraction from a single crystal

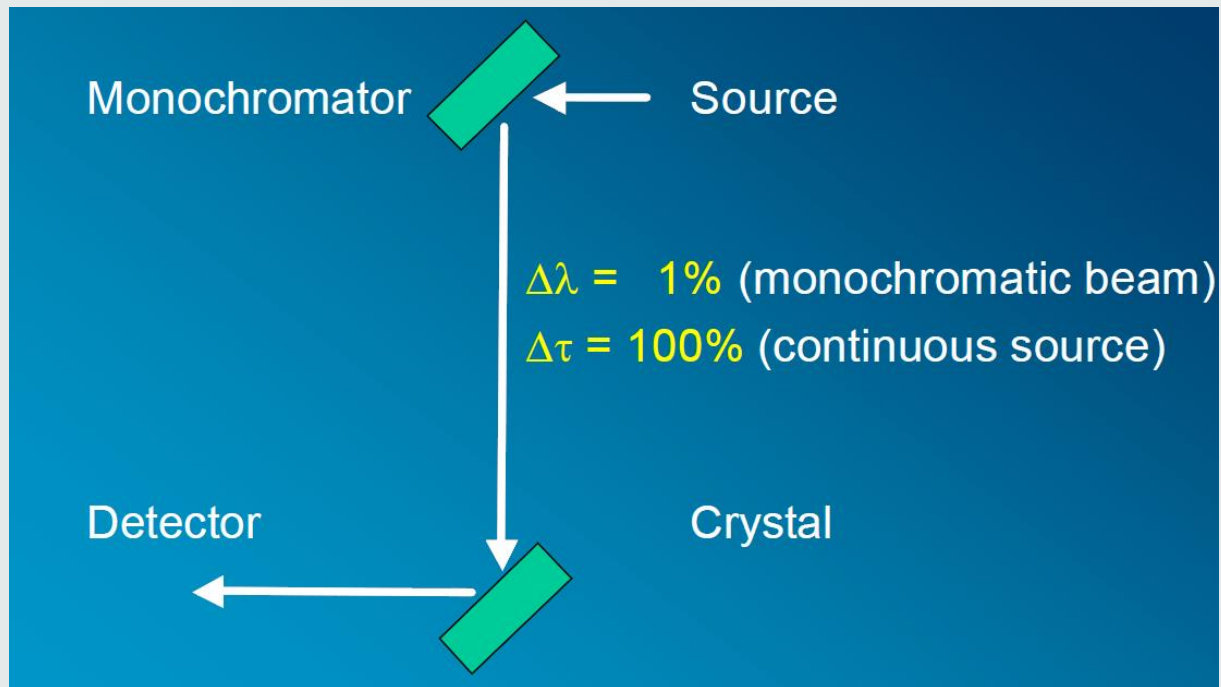
Multiple reflections sorted by Time-Of-Flight



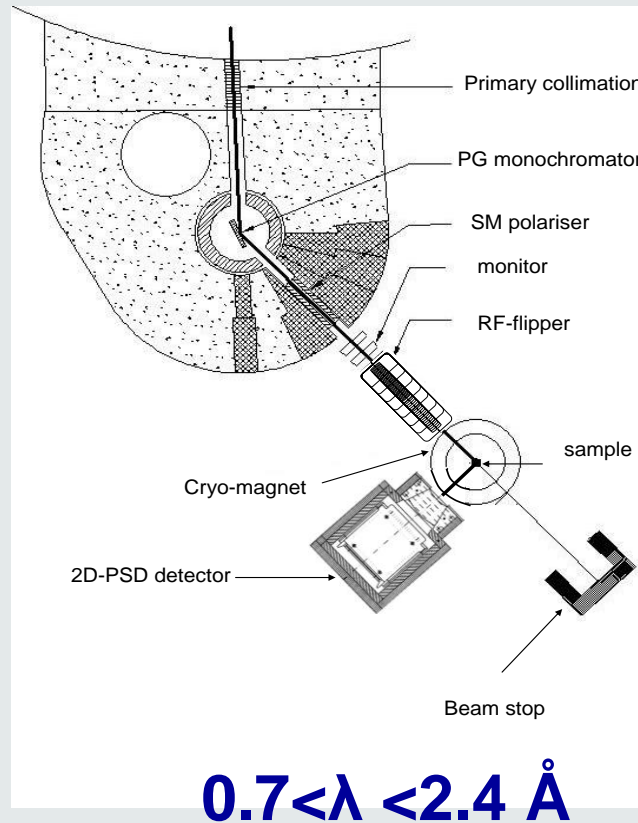
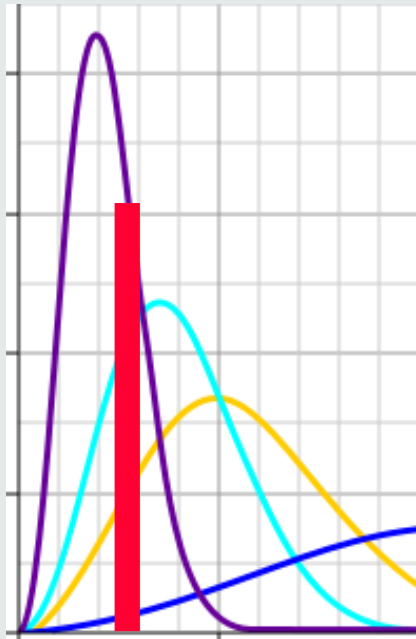
TOPAZ and CORELLI at SNS



Monochromatic Neutron Diffraction from a single crystal



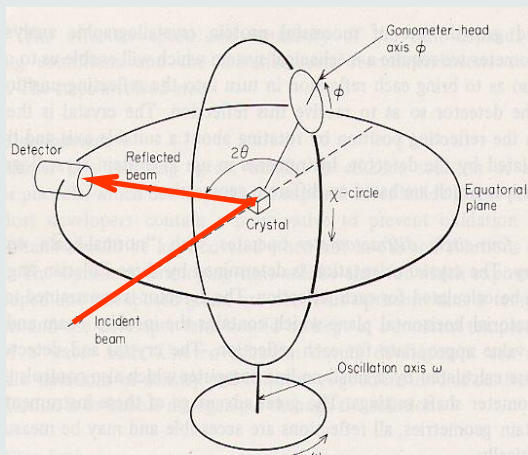
Monochromatic diffractometers



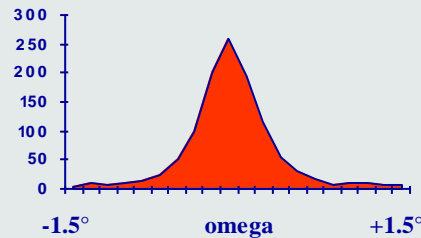
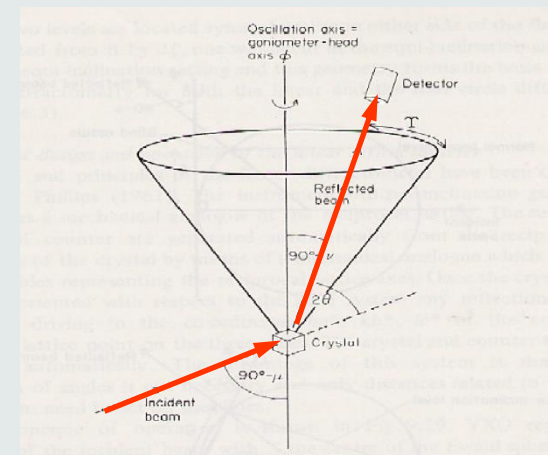
Short λ , big number of hkl, high resolution (low intensity)

Monochromatic diffractometers

4-circles



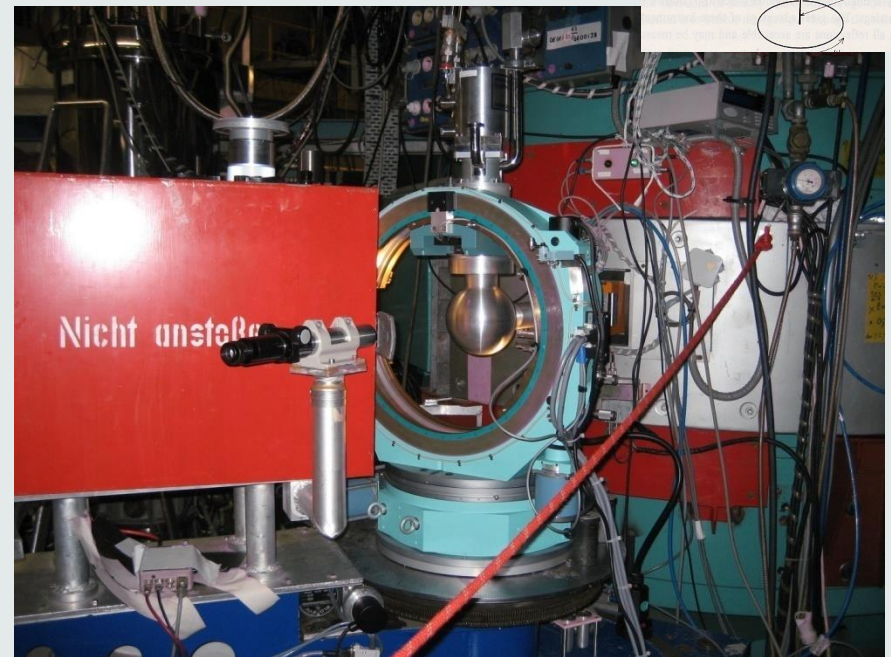
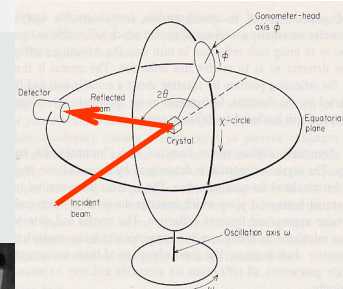
Normal Beam geometry



$$\sin(\theta_{hkl}) = \lambda / 2D_{hkl}$$

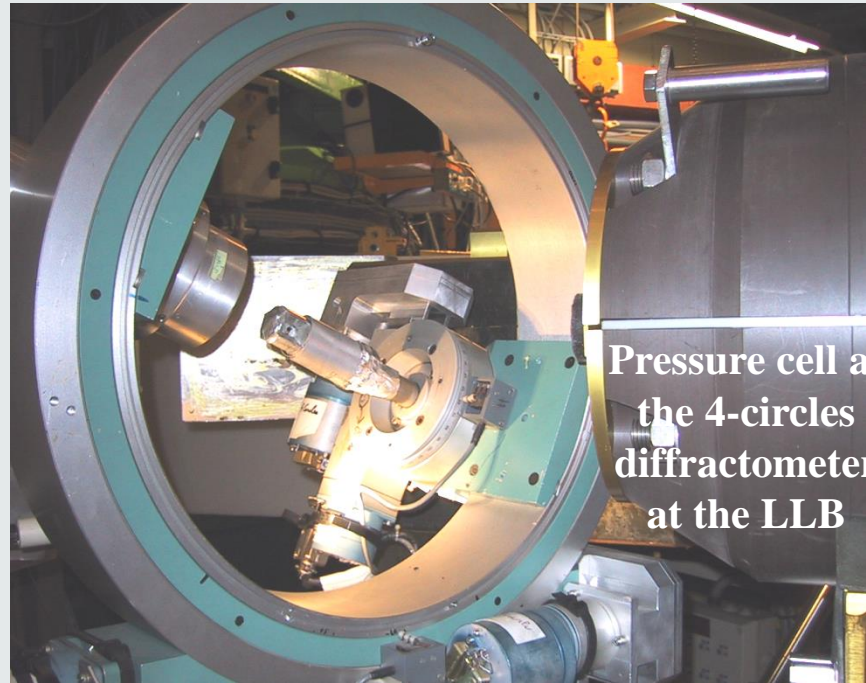
5C2 (LLB) High resolution crystallography D9 (ILL), HEIDI (FRMII)

- 4-circles
- Cu (220) 0.84 Å
- 5-1000K



6T2 High pressure diffraction

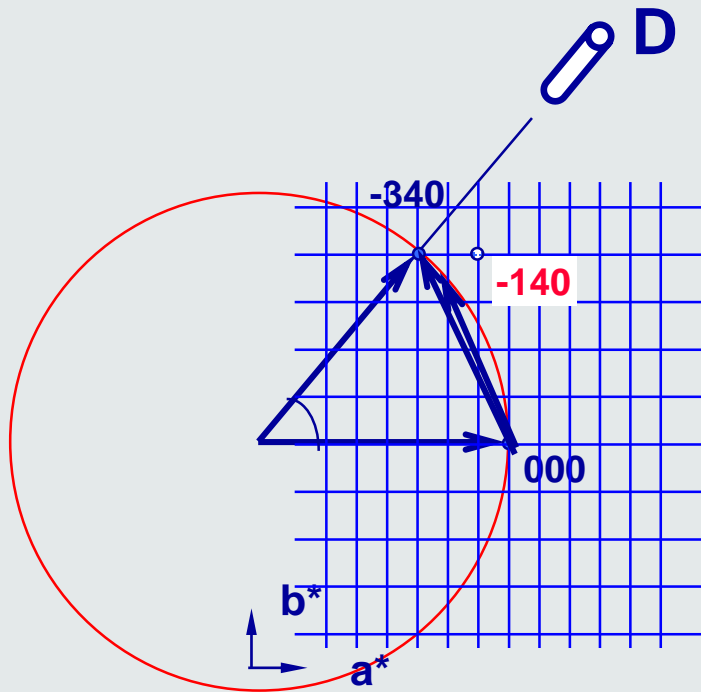
- 6T2, 4-circles mode
 - Cu (220) 0.90 Å
 - PG 1.55, 2.35 Å
 - 5-300 K



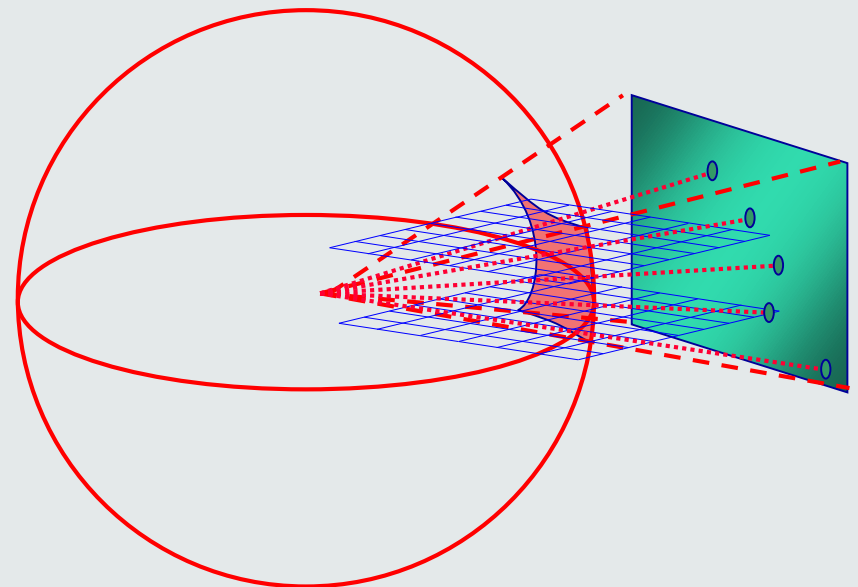
Pressure cell at
the 4-circles
diffractometer
at the LLB

DIFFRACTION USING PSD

Diffraction conventionnelle:



Diffraction using PSD :



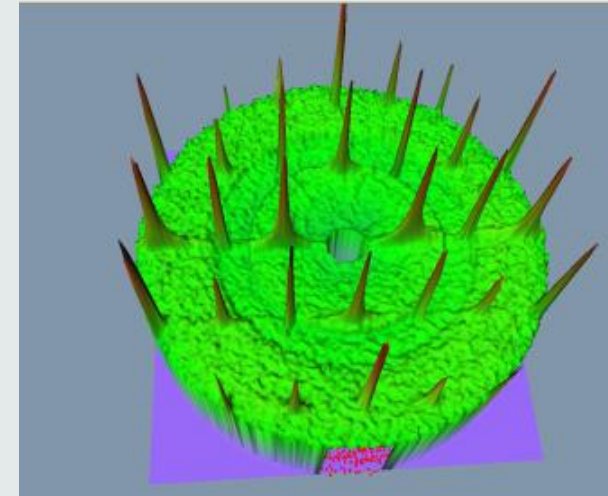
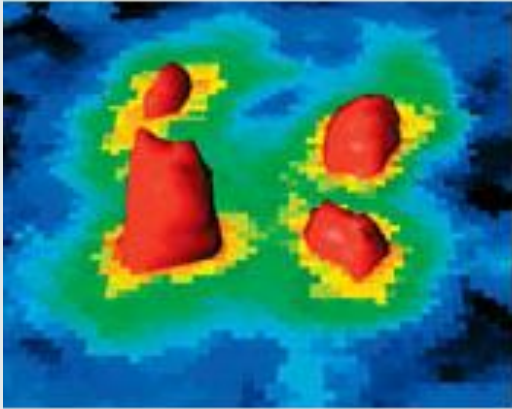
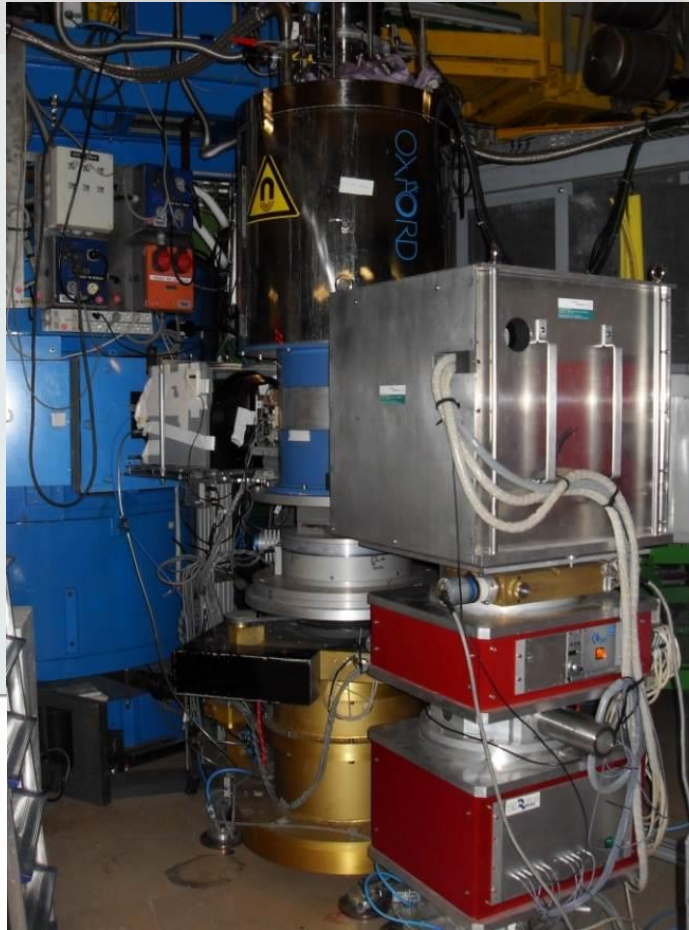
5C2 Hot neutron 4-circles diffractometer

- 0.84 Å
- Cu (220)
- 8-800 K



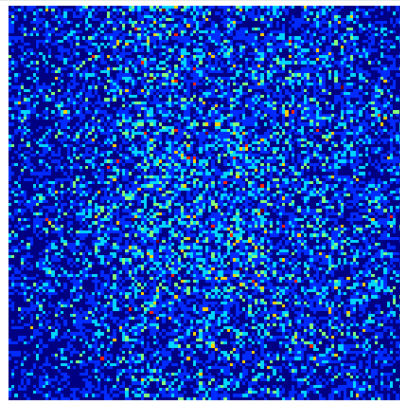
6T2 thermal neutron diffractometer

- 0.9, 2.4, Å
- 1.4 A PN
- RF flipper
- 7.5 T magnet
- $-5^\circ < \nu < 20^\circ$
- >50 mK

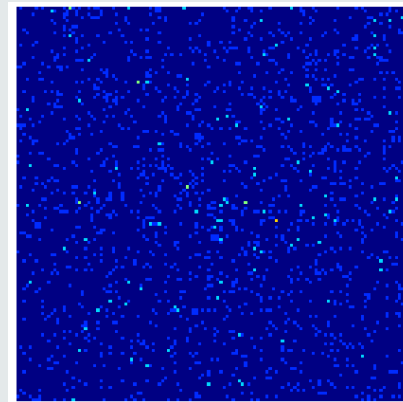


RADIAL COLLIMATOR

BG reduction by 8



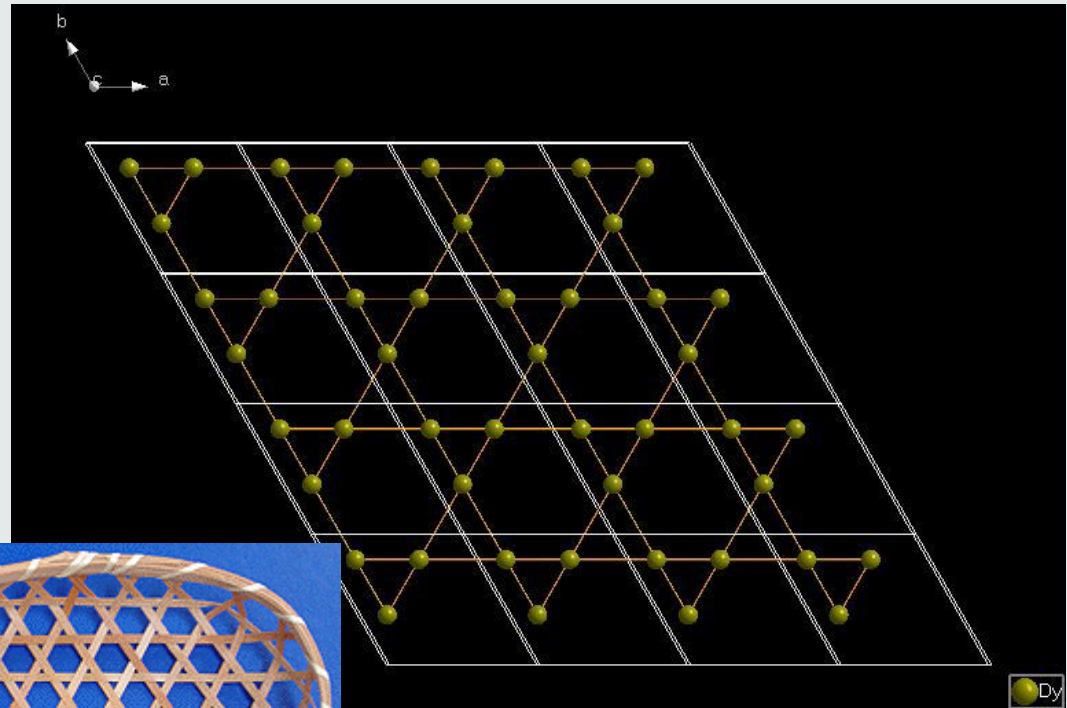
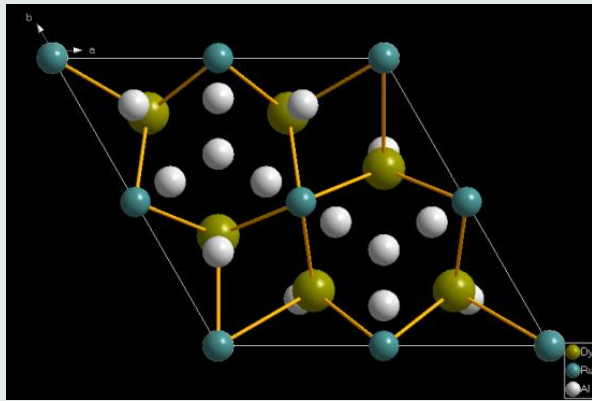
55% of pixels full



90 % of pixels empty

4f Magnetism and its Effects on Electronic Properties of $\text{Dy}_3\text{Ru}_4\text{Al}_{12}$

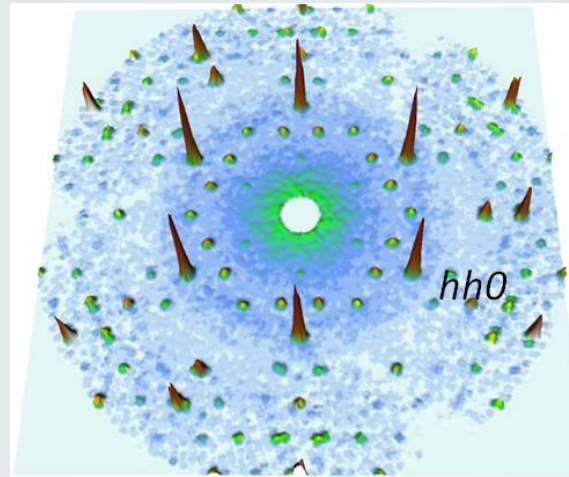
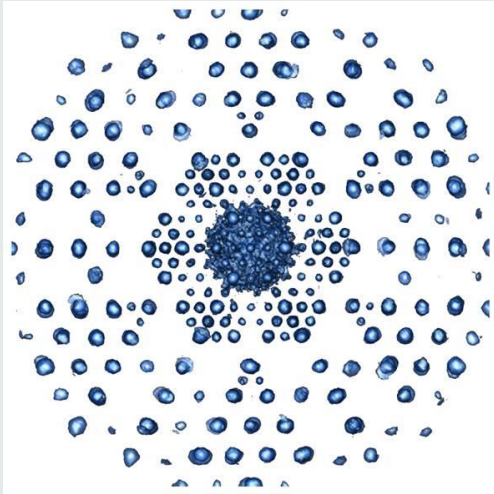
D.I. Gorbunov^{1,2*}, M.S. Henriques³, A.V. Andreev¹, A. Gukasov⁴, V. Petříček¹, N.V. Baranov⁵, Y. Skourski⁶, V. Eigner¹, M. Paikov²



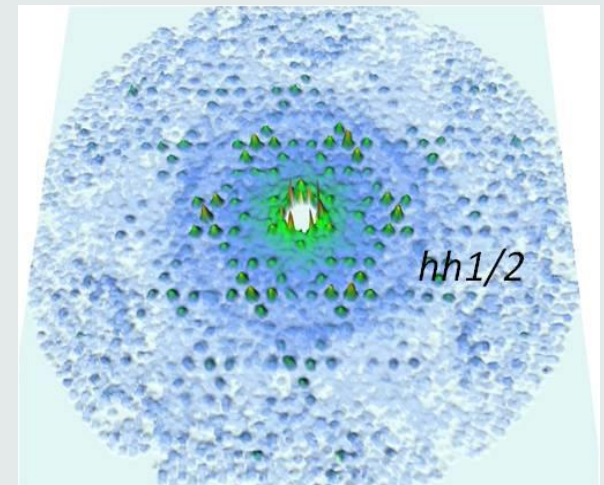
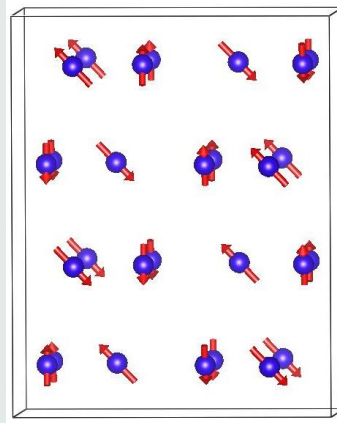
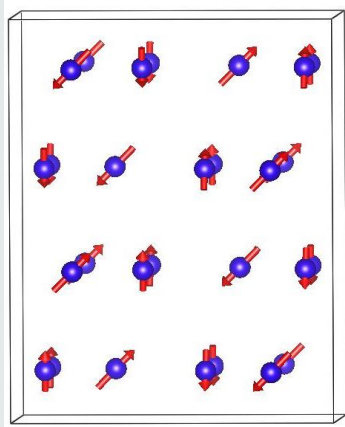
4f Magnetism and its Effects on Electronic

Properties of $\text{Dy}_3\text{Ru}_4\text{Al}_{12}$

D.I. Gorbunov^{1,2*}, Henriques³, A.V. Andreev¹, A. Gukasov⁴, V. M.S Petříček¹, N.V. Baranov⁵, Y. Skourski⁶, V. Eigner¹, M. Paukov²

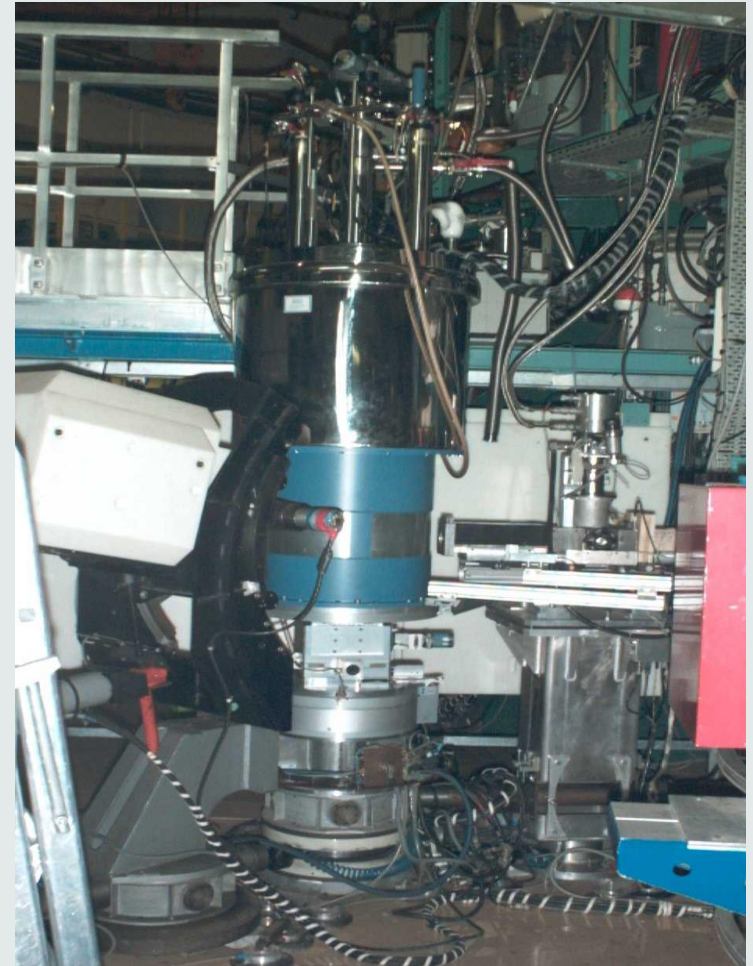
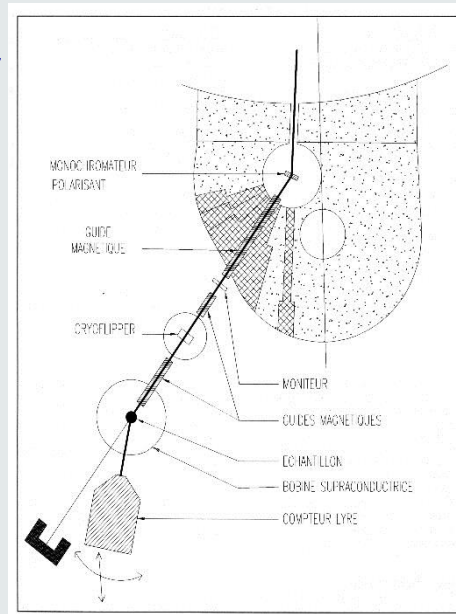


$$\mathbf{k}=(1/2 \ 0 \ 1/2)$$

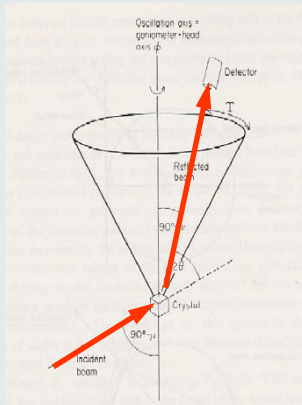


5C1 DIFFRACTOMETER (LLB) D3 (ILL) POLI (FRMII)

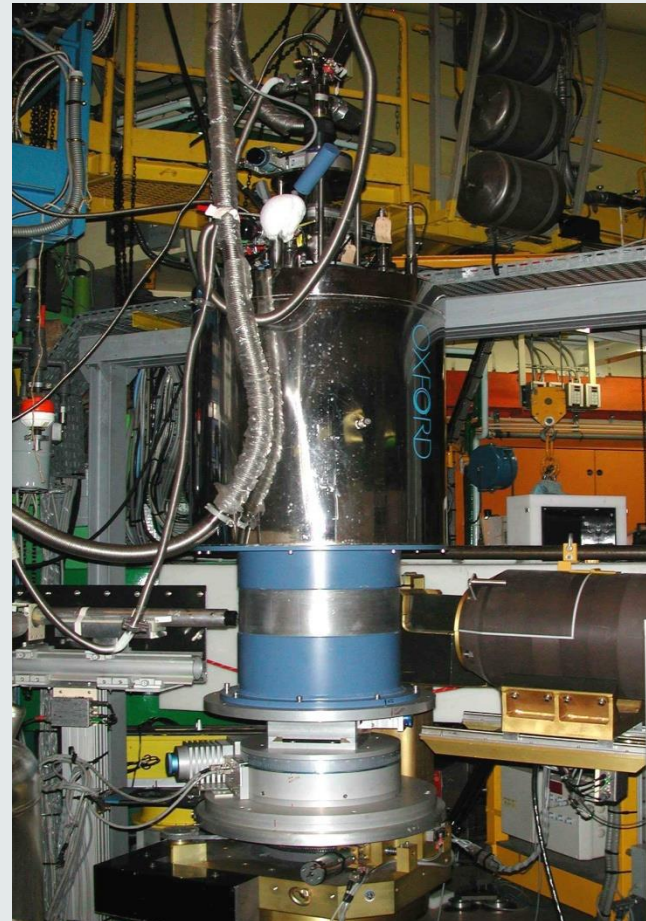
- 0.84 Å
- Heussler 50x50 mm² in transmission
- Cryoflipper
- Asymmetric 7.8 T magnet
- $-5^\circ < \nu < 20^\circ$
- lifting counter



Lifting counter



- **6T2, Lifting counter mode**
 - **7.5 T + 40 mK**
 - **7.5 T +10 Gpa+40 mK**
 - **Split magnet $-5^\circ+20^\circ$**



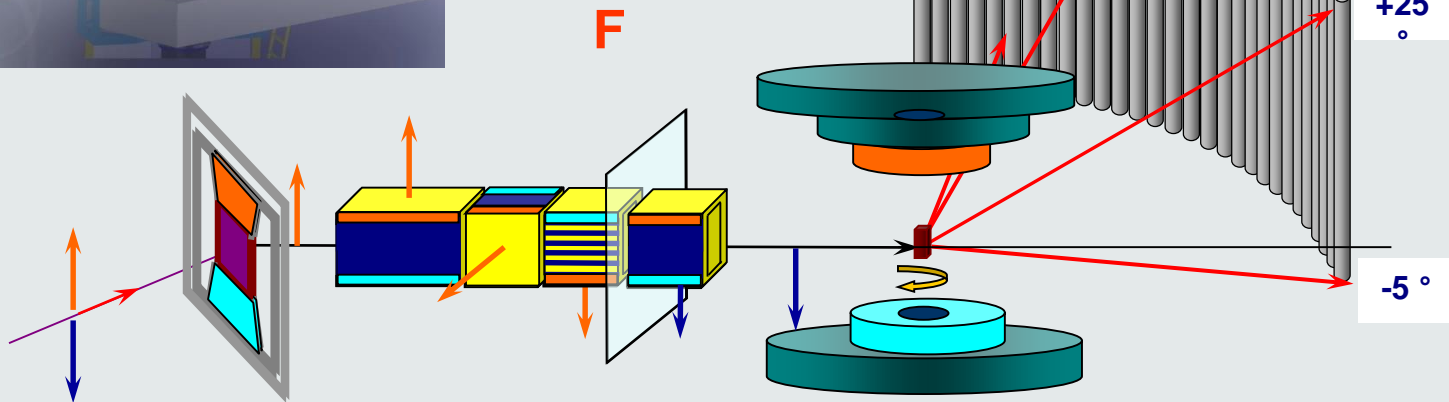
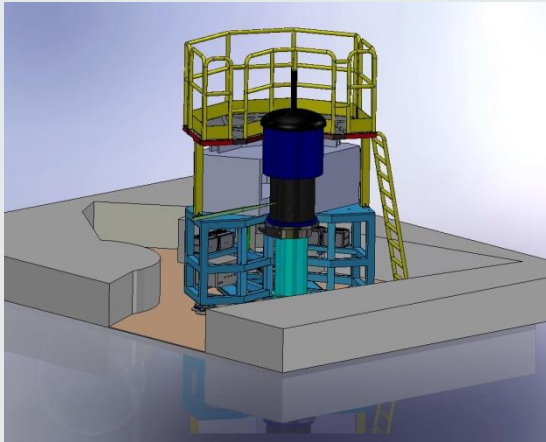
5C1 polarised neutron diffractometer

- 0.84 Å
- Heussler
- Cryoflipper
- 7.8 T magnet
- $-5^\circ < \nu < 20^\circ$



Very Intense Polarized Neutron DIFFRACTOMETER (5C1) at LLB

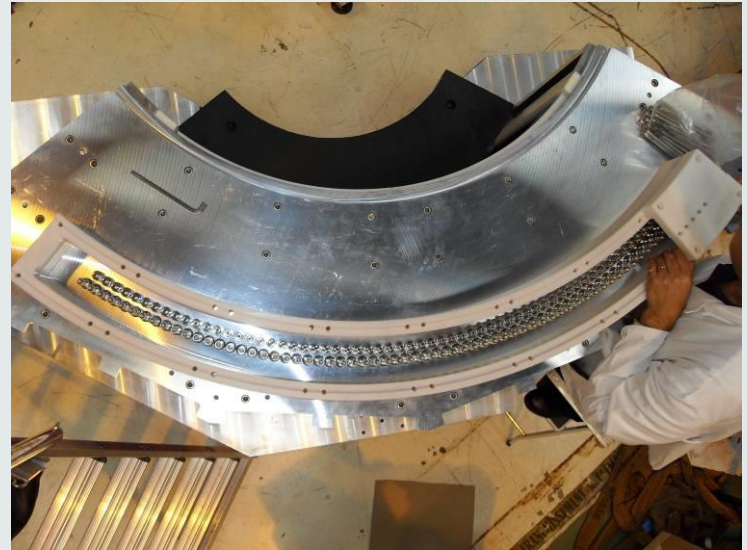
project started in 2006



25°x90°

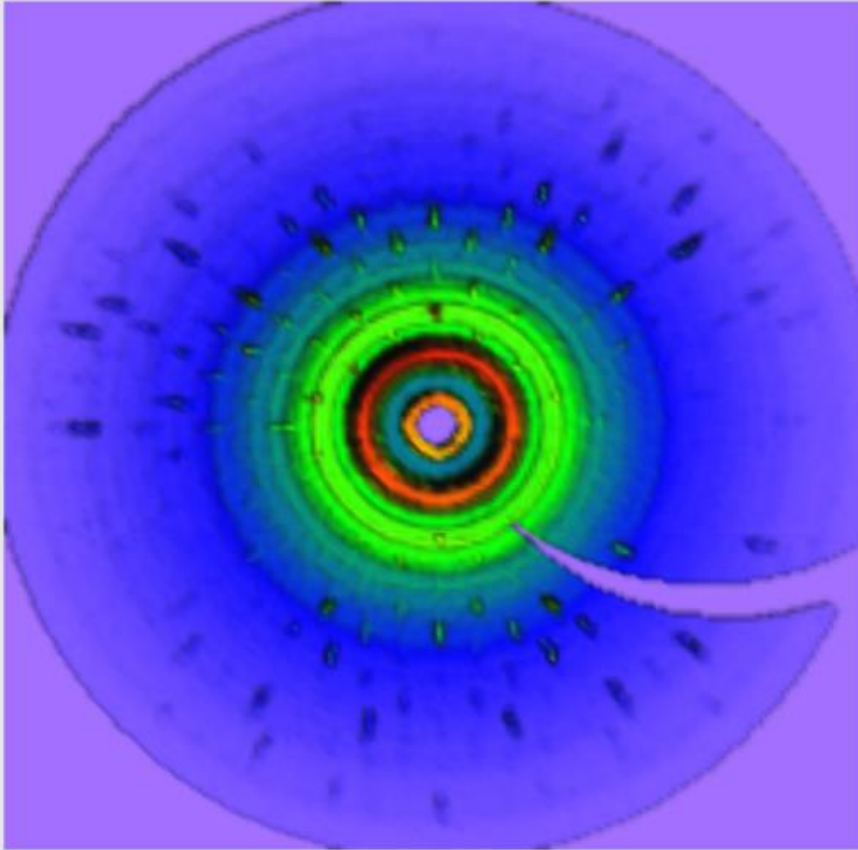
0.7 rad

VIP NEUTRON DIFFRACTOMETER (5C1)



**2x19 mm resolution
(0.2°x1.2°)**

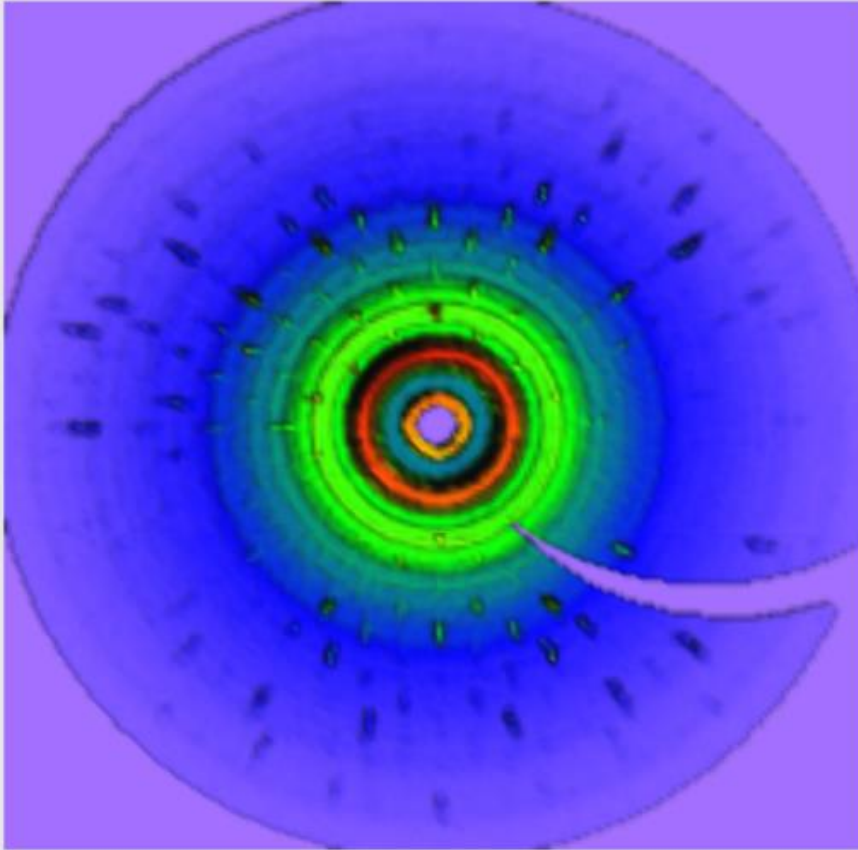
VIP Neutron DIFFRACTOMETER (5C1) LLB



*3500 steps of 0.1°
Exposition 4 sec/frame*

*Tb₂Ti₂₀7 2 K, 1T
A=10.12 Å Fd3m
V~60mm³*

VIP Neutron DIFFRACTOMETER (5C1) LLB



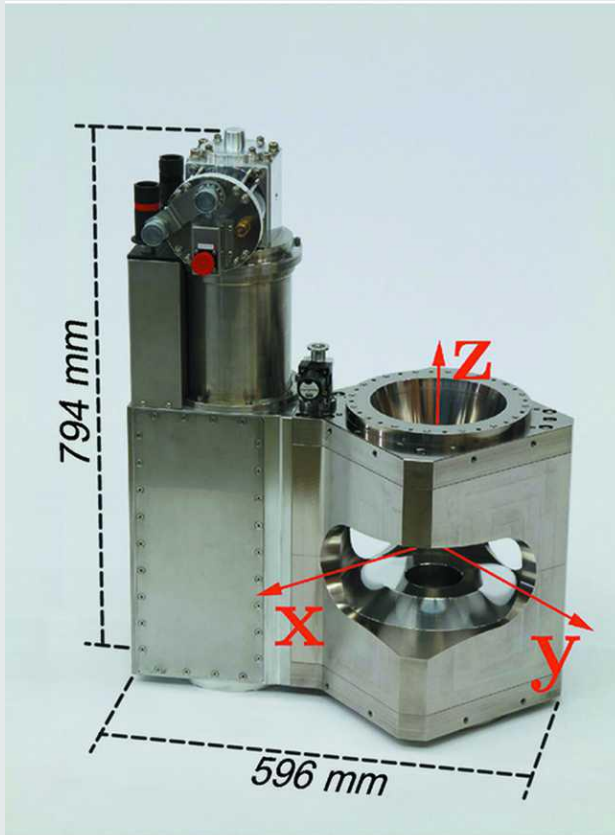
*3500 steps of 0.1°
Exposition 4 sec/frame*

951 reflections observed

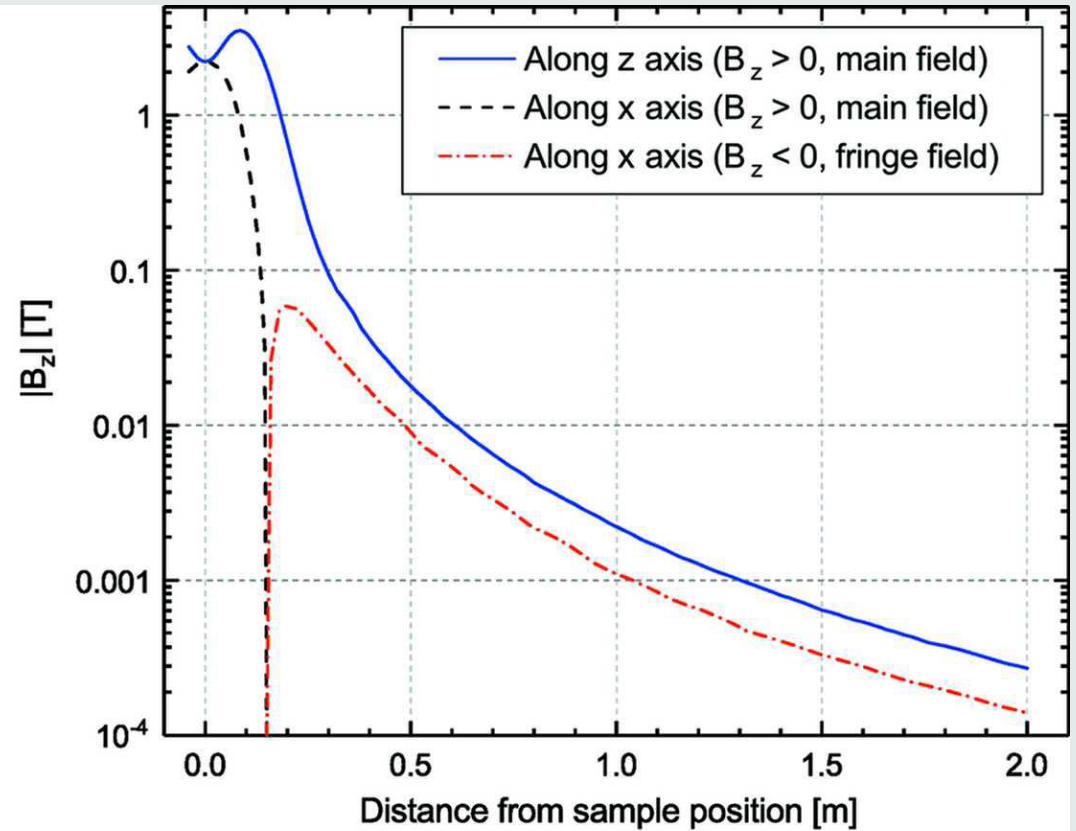
726 FR > 3σ

*Tb₂Ti₂O₇ 2 K, 1 T
A=10.12 Å Fd3m
V~60mm³*

MLZ HTS 2.2 T magnet



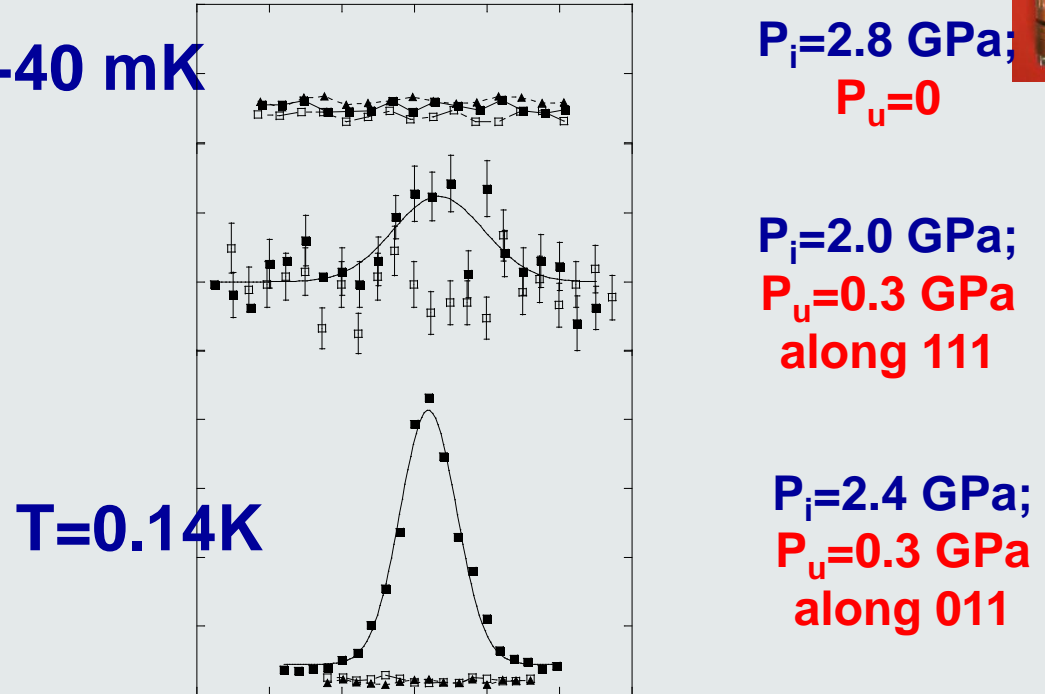
(a)



(b)

Tb₂Ti₂O₇ a spin liquid single crystal under pressure and applied field

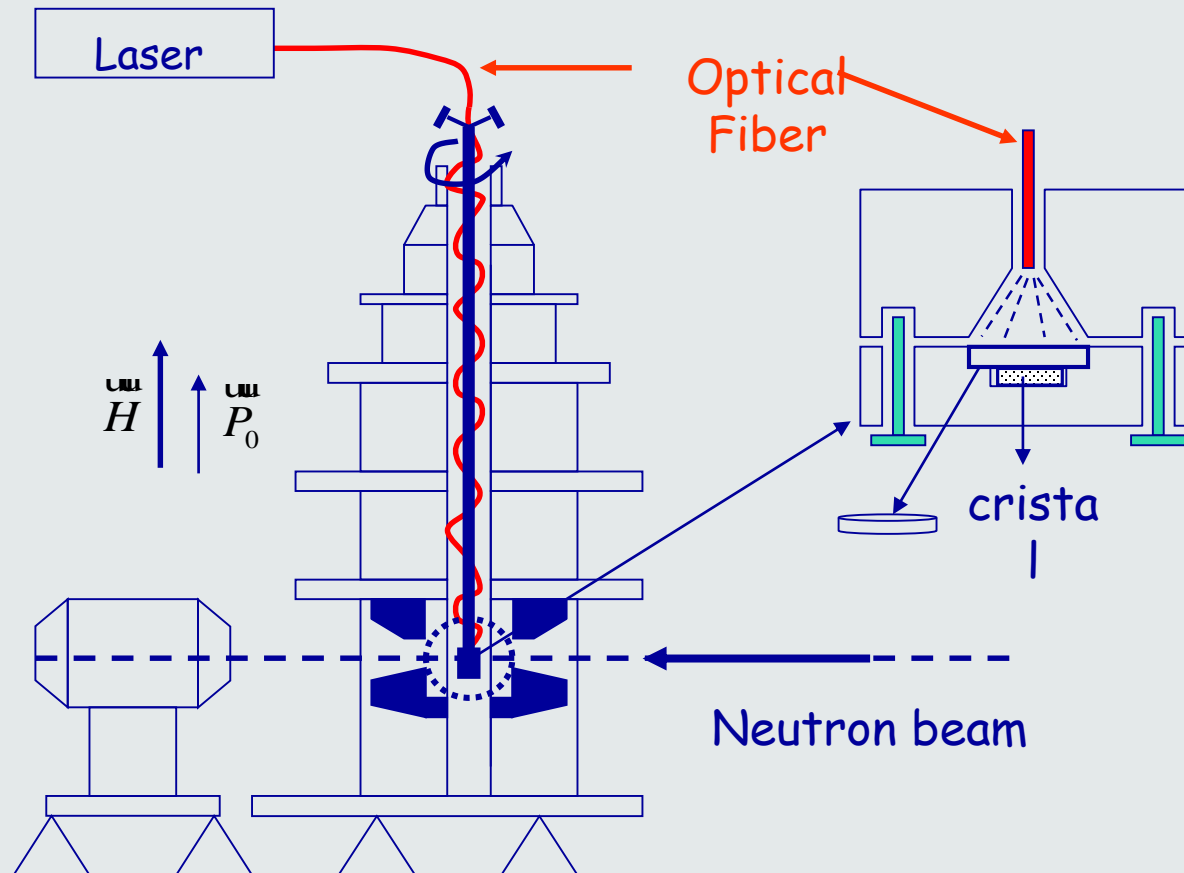
- 6T2, Lifting counter mode
 - 7.5 T + 40 mK
 - 7.5 T +10 Gpa+40 mK



*I.Mirebeau, I. N. Goncharenko, G. Dhalenne, A. Revcolevschi,
Phys. Rev. Lett. 93, 187204 (2004).*

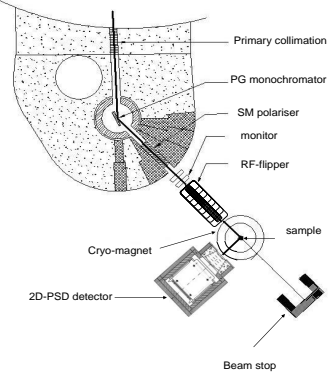
Photo-excited state in $[\text{Fe}(\text{ptz})_6](\text{BF}_4)_2$

A. Goujon, B. Gillon A Gukasov, J Jeftic, and F Varret Phys. Rev. B 67, 2003



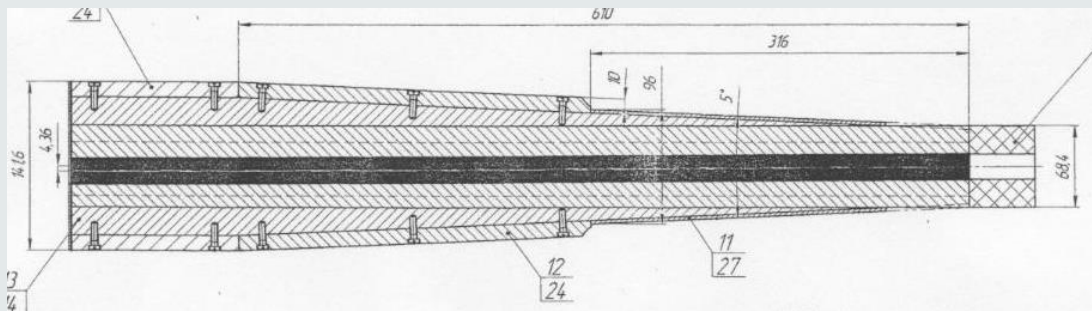
POLARIZING BENDER

PNPI, GATCHINA (delivered in 2005)

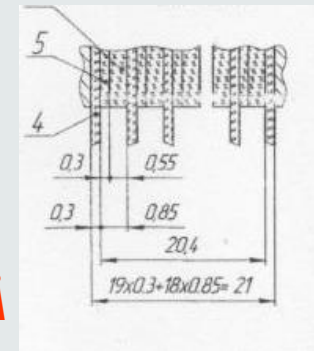


- *A.F. Schebetov et al. Nucl. Instr. Meth. B94 (1994) 575.*

Beam cross section:
20x50 mm L=780 mm



780 mm



FeCo – V Supermirrors $m=2.5$ $\lambda = 1.4\text{\AA}$

$P_0=97\%$ $R=70$

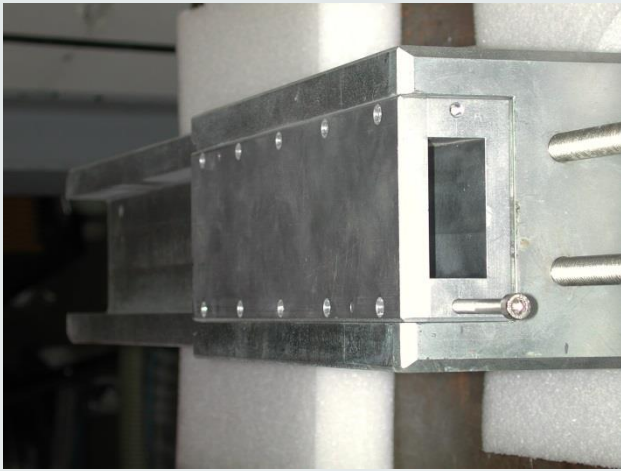
Count rates 10-15 times higher than that on 5C1

$\text{Sin}(\theta/\lambda) < 0.6 \text{\AA}^{-1}$

$\text{Sin}(\theta/\lambda) < 1 \text{\AA}^{-1}$ for 5C1

POLARIZING BENDER

PNPI, GATCHINA

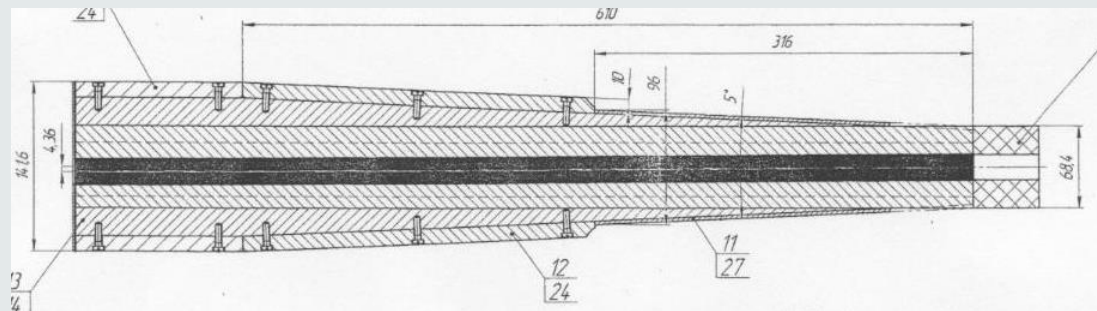
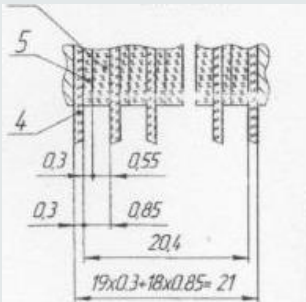


780 mm

- **RSD FeCo –V Supermirrors** $m=2.5$



Beam cross section:
20x50 mm L=780 mm



Optimum SC Diffraction suite

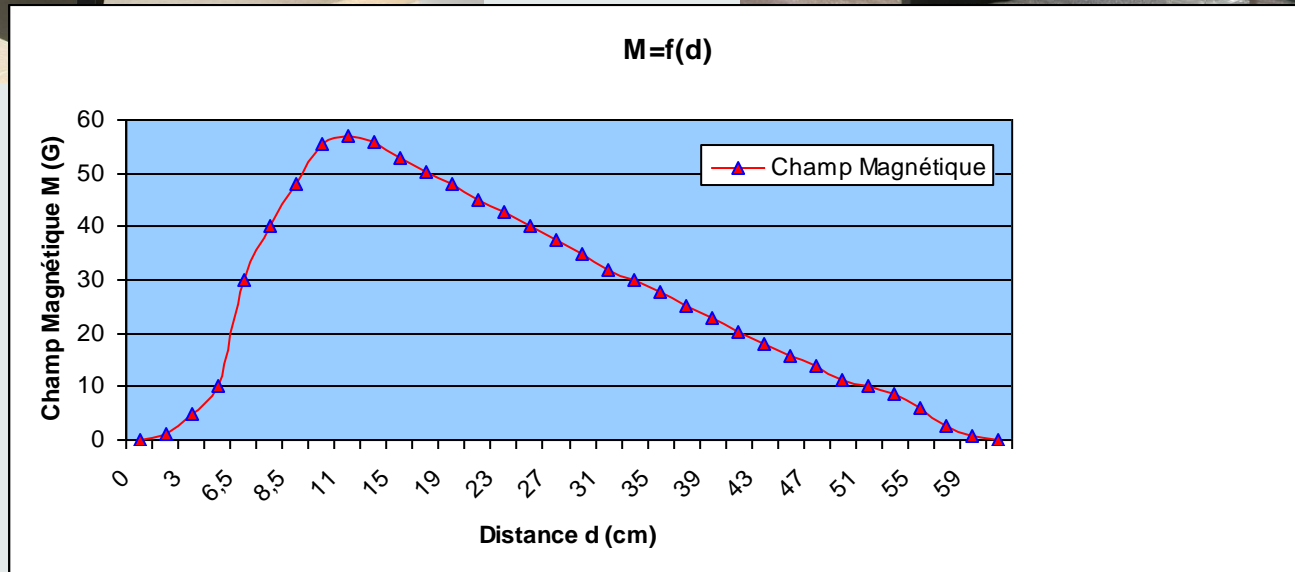
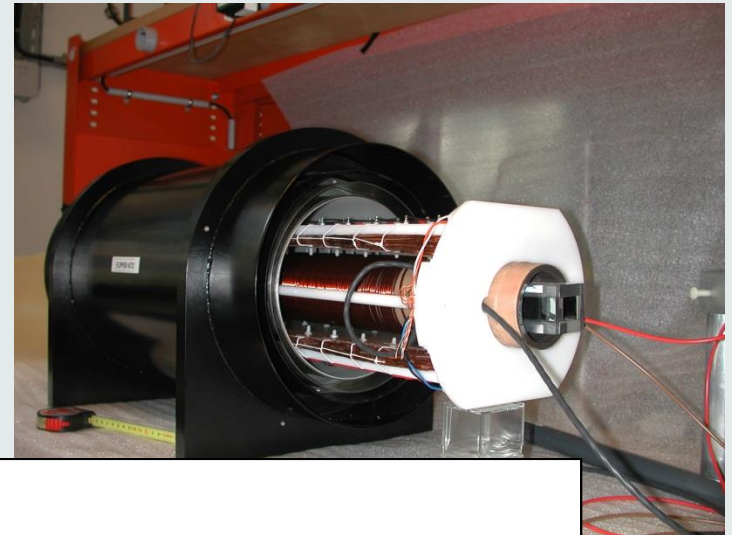
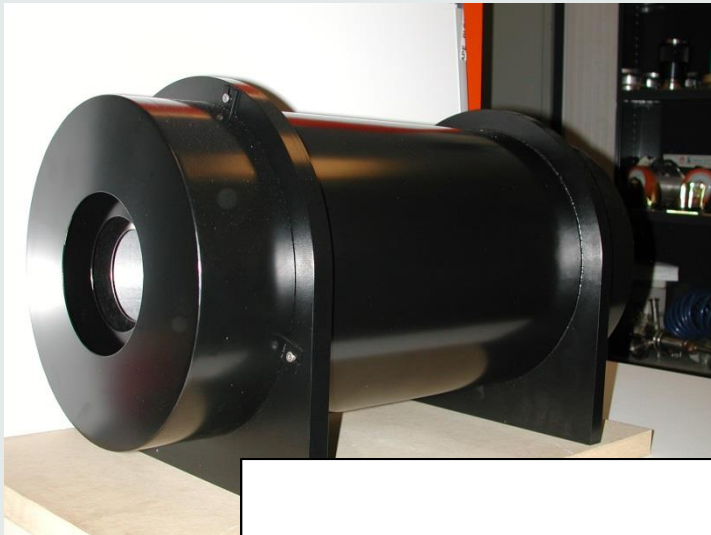
Hot (thermal) 4-circles diffractometer (T,P)

High-field magnetism diffractometer (H,T, P, etc)

Laue diffractometer

Cold neutron (bio) diffractometer

RADIO-FREQUENCY ADIABATIC FLIPPER



PND PROVIDES

- Spin Densities
- Magnetic structure refinement
- Atomic Susceptibility Parameters
- Non-collinear Magnetization Densities ?

