



Contribution ID: 129

Type: **Poster**

The beneficial effect of Rubidium in $\text{Cu}(\text{In,Ga})\text{Se}_2$ solar cells

Monday, 17 September 2018 16:30 (15 minutes)

$\text{Cu}(\text{In,Ga})\text{Se}_2$ solar cells are the most efficient ones among all thin film photovoltaics. The recent push in record efficiencies was mainly realized by applying a RbF post deposition treatment (PDT) to the absorber. However, it is not yet fully clear why the introduced Rb improves the solar cell performance. In order to investigate the beneficial effect of Rb, a $\text{Cu}(\text{In,Ga})\text{Se}_2$ absorber was grown on a Mo coated alkali free substrate and subjected to a RbF PDT. This pure RbF PDT leads to a significantly higher conversion efficiency. A thin cross sectional lamella was cut out of the layer stack and investigated via a combination of different electron microscopy techniques and synchrotron based X-ray fluorescence analysis. It is evident that Rb segregates at random grain boundaries and dislocation cores, where it likely passivates defects. In contrast, Rb does not segregate at benign $\Sigma 3$ twin boundaries. Additionally, Rb agglomerates at the interface between the absorber and the MoSe_2 layer. Our results thus provide clear indications of the origin of the beneficial effect of Rb in $\text{Cu}(\text{In,Ga})\text{Se}_2$ solar cells [Schöppe et al., *Nano Energy* 42 (2017) 307]. Subsequently, we investigated a high efficiency solar cell grown on a glass substrate and subjected to a RbF PDT, thus providing a conversion efficiency of over 20 %. Applying the same combination of analysis techniques, we clearly demonstrate that our conclusions for a pure RbF PDT are also valid for state of the art devices.

Primary authors: SCHÖPPE, Philipp (Institut für Festkörperphysik, Friedrich-Schiller-Universität Jena); SCHÖNHERR, Sven (Institut für Festkörperphysik, Friedrich-Schiller-Universität Jena); WUERZ, Roland (Zentrum für Sonnenenergie- und Wasserstoff-Forschung Baden-Württemberg); JACKSON, Philip (Zentrum für Sonnenenergie- und Wasserstoff-Forschung Baden-Württemberg); WISNIEWSKI, Wolfgang (Otto-Schott-Institut, Friedrich-Schiller-Universität Jena); MARTÍNEZ-CRIADO, Gema (Instituto de Ciencia de Materiales de Madrid & European Synchrotron Radiation Facility); RITZER, Maurizio (Institut für Festkörperphysik, Friedrich-Schiller-Universität Jena); RITTER, Konrad (Institut für Festkörperphysik, Friedrich-Schiller-Universität Jena); RONNING, Carsten (Institut für Festkörperphysik, Friedrich-Schiller-Universität Jena); SCHNOHR, Claudia S. (Institut für Festkörperphysik, Friedrich-Schiller-Universität Jena)

Presenter: SCHNOHR, Claudia S. (Institut für Festkörperphysik, Friedrich-Schiller-Universität Jena)

Session Classification: Poster session 1

Track Classification: P8 Functional materials and materials science